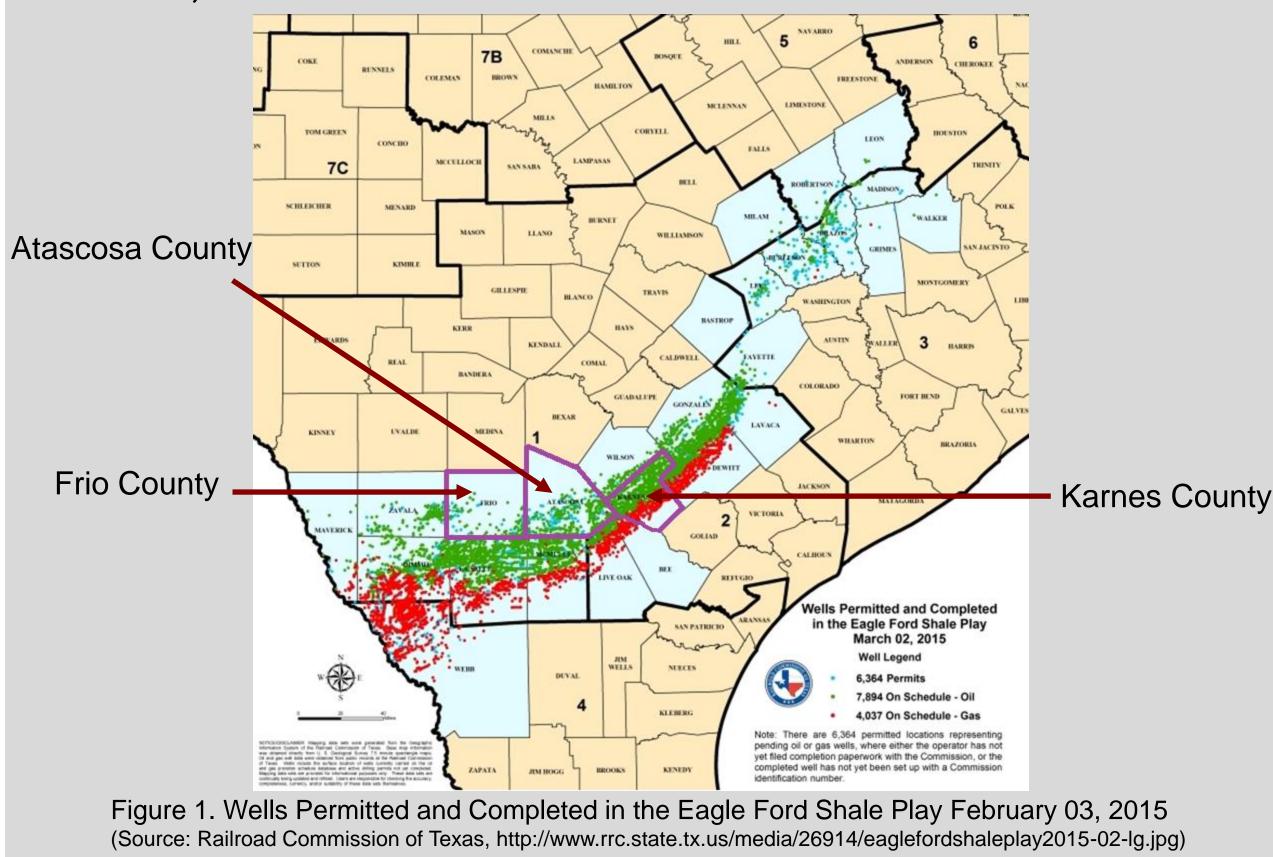
# Partners for a Healthy Community and Environment (PaCE) Project: Exploring Health Literacy, Attitudes, and **Behaviors Associated with Environmental Health in the Eagle Ford Shale** Alvarado MD<sup>1</sup>, Mackay TM<sup>1</sup> De La Rosa EM<sup>2</sup>, Whitworth KW<sup>1</sup>, Valerio MA<sup>1</sup> Frio Translational Board Members, Atascosa Health Center, Karnes

**Community Advisory Board Members** at San Antonio-Institute for Integration of Medicine and Science

## Background

- Given the rapid expansion of unconventional oil and gas development in the Eagle Ford Shale (see Figure 1), it is important to address community perceptions, attitudes, and beliefs of related environmental health issues.
- The PaCE project is a community engagement pilot project conducted in partnership with the Frio County Translational Advisory Board and the Karnes County Community Advisory Board.
- The goal of PaCE is to examine perceptions of the impact of oil and gas development in Atascosa, Frio, and Karnes counties.



# **Methods**

- Research protocol and survey reviewed by PaCE partners
- Cross-sectional pilot study (Nov '13 Feb '15)
- 162 participants
  - 43 in Atascosa
  - 82 in Frio
  - 37 in Karnes
- 46 questions created with input from community partners focused on:
  - Demographics
  - 4-item BRIEF measure of health literacy
  - Water use
  - Environmental Health
  - Knowledge and perceptions
- Protocol approved by the UT Health IRB

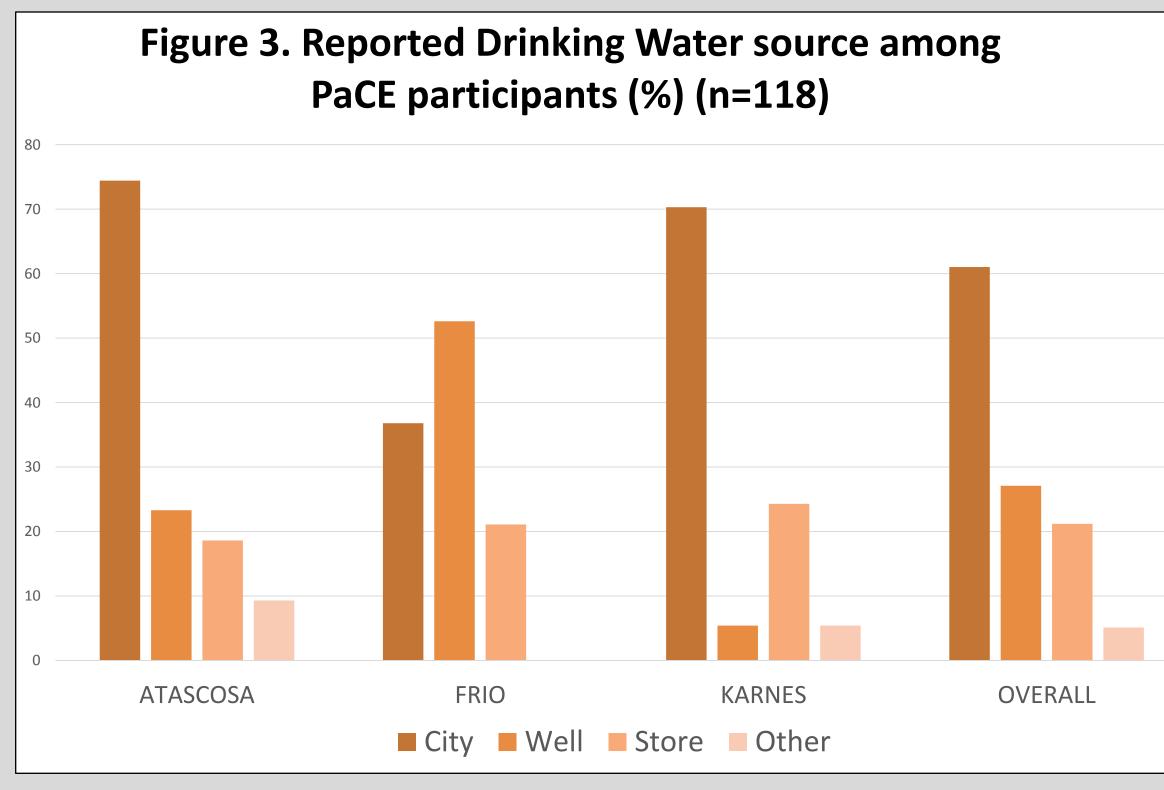
# <sup>1</sup>The University of Texas Health Science Center at Houston, School of Public Health, San Antonio Regional Campus; <sup>2</sup> The University of Texas Health Science Center

### Results

#### **TABLE 1.** PaCE participant study characteristics (%), by county, **November 2013-February 2015 (n=162)**

		ATASCOSA	FRIO	KARNES	TOTAL
		(n=43)	(n=82)	(n=37)	(n=162)
AGE (MEDIAN [IQR])		40 (23, 48)	52.5 (36 <i>,</i> 65)	55 (44,62)	50 (35 <i>,</i> 60
GENDER	Female	67.4	46.3	78.4	60.3
RACE <sup>1</sup>	White	74.4	79.3	73.0	76.5
ETHNICITY <sup>1</sup>	Hispanic	51.2	64.6	64.9	61.1
EDUCATION <sup>1</sup>	Less than High School	18.6	14.6	16.2	16.0
	High School/GED	32.6	26.8	37.8	30.9
	Some College/Technical	25.6	28.0	18.9	25.3
	College Graduate	18.6	30.5	24.3	25.9
	≤\$39,999	44.2	42.7	59.5	46.9
INCOME <sup>1</sup>	\$40,000-59,999	11.6	18.3	5.4	13.6
	≥\$60,000	25.6	34.1	16.2	27.8
LAND OWNERSHIP <sup>1,2</sup>	Yes	48.8	50	62.2	52.5
	No	51.2	48.8	35.1	46.3
MILES FROM CLOSEST DRILLING SITE <sup>1</sup>	≤1	7.0	12.2	35.1	16.1
	2-5	11.6	18.3	18.9	16.7
	6-15	16.3	14.6	0.0	11.7
	≥16	9.3	9.8	0.0	7.4
	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	42.7	43.2	46.3	
YEARS LIVED IN COUNTY <sup>1</sup>	0-5	32.6	17	13.5	20.3
	6-20	20.9	21.9	21.6	21.6
	≥21	39.5	61.0	62.2	55.6

<sup>1</sup>2 people missing race, ethnicity, and land ownership; 3 people missing education and closest drilling site; 4 people missing years lived in county; 19 people missing income. <sup>2</sup>Of the 85 landowners, 37 participants (43.5%) were approached by a drilling company to lease their land. Of the 37 participants approached to lease their land, 30 participants (81.1%) accepted the lease.

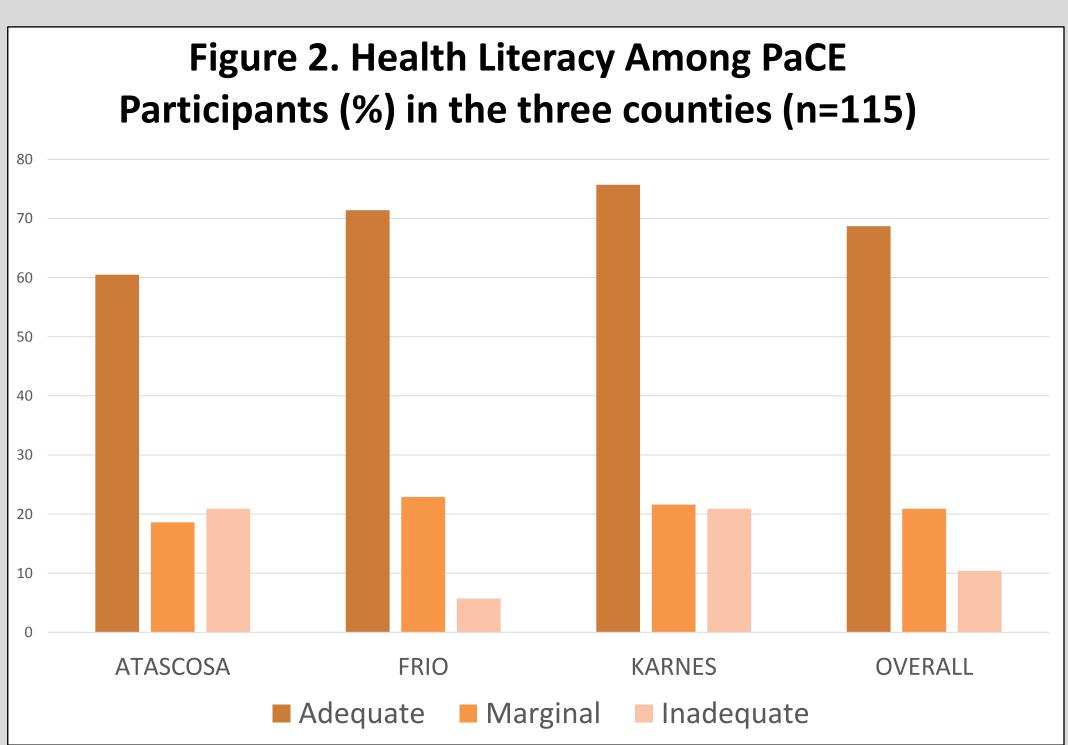


Note: The first 44 surveys did not include this component.

#### TABLE 2. Average scores for BRIEF items among PACE participants in the three counties (n=115)

	Average Score			
BRIEF ITEM	ATASCOSA	FRIO	KARNES	OVERALL
How often do you have someone help you read health materials?	4.33	4.49	4.49	4.43
How confident are you filling out medical forms by yourself?	3.79	4.37	4.16	4.09
How often do you have problems learning about your medical condition because of difficulty understanding written information?	4.16	4.43	4.38	4.31
How often do you have a problem understanding what is told to you about your medical condition?	4.21	4.63	4.57	4.45

Note:BRIEF items were graded on a scale of 1 to 5, where 1 refers to low self-reported health literacy and 5 refers to high self-reported health literacy



Note: Individuals who did not answer all health literacy questions were removed. Additionally the first 44 surveys did not include this component.

#### TABLE 5. Fracking-related knowledge among PaCE participants (%) (n=163)

	"True" Responses				
Statement	ATASCOSA	FRIO	KARNES	OVERALL	
I have heard of fracking.	90.7	79.3	94.6	85.3	
I am not aware of any potential environmental effects of fracking.	30.2	40.2	51.4	39.9	
I feel that I understand the process of fracking.	55.8	56.1	46.0	53.4	
I am not aware of any potential adult health effects of fracking.	37.2	57.3	56.8	51.5	
I am not aware of any potential infant or child health effect of fracking.	51.2	65.9	59.5	60.1	





#### **School of Public Health**

# **Summary & Conclusions**

- Lowest health literacy scores were related to the confidence in filling out medical forms
- Highest health literacy scores were related to the ability to read health materials without any help
- Overall, city water was the main source of water although well water was the primary source in Frio County
- 85.3% of the participants reported having heard of fracking while only 53.4% of participants reported they understand the process of fracking
- Overall, more than half of the participants were not aware of any potential health effects of fracking

# **Future Directions**

- Respond to funding opportunity with PaCE partners to design and implement a communitywide campaign to address priority environmental health concerns.
- Work with partners to design messages and programs to increase environmental health literacy.
- Collect baseline community-level quantitative exposure measurements to identify exposure levels.

## Acknowledgements

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(Pls: Whitworth and Valerio)

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- We appreciate the time and opinion of the individuals who participated in this study.